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CUTICURADOES FOR MY
HAIR AND SKIN

The Soap keeps my skin fresh and clear and scalp free from dandruff. The Ointment soothes and heals any skin trouble. Sample Each Free by Mail With 22-p. Skin Book on request. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. 174, Boston." Sold throughout the world.

TRYING TO HANDLE
TOO MANY ORDERS

United States Is Overreaching Itself in Commerce, According to Sec. Redfield.

Washington, D. C., April 29.—Uncle Sam, manufacturer, is trying to take care of more orders than he is physically equipped to fill. Except for the foregoing condition, commerce, foreign and domestic, is the best it has been in years, Secretary of Commerce Redfield said yesterday. Time, and an adequate merchant marine, are the only remedies necessary, to make commerce of the United States ascend to dizzy heights in bulk and value of shipping.

"That the European war proved a big incentive to foreign commerce of the United States is shown in statistics given by the secretary. At the same time the relative importance of shipments of strictly war articles has been generally exaggerated, he asserted.

"A great many persons believe the munition shipments form the bulk of our foreign trade," Mr. Redfield said. "While it is true that our trade in arms, supplies and articles used by armies of the belligerent powers is very great yet the proportion which such exports bear to all exports is not so relatively large as is generally believed."

Figures supplied by the secretary tell the story. For the 19 months of the war—August, 1914, to February, 1916—exports of munition, firearms and "articles suitable for war purposes" totaled \$899,008,472, an increase of \$606,128,249, or 230 per cent over exports for the same period of 1912-1914. For the same time exports of all other articles aggregated \$4,111,108,257, an increase of \$447,907,262, or only 12 per cent.

"Included in this summary of 'articles suitable for war purposes,' however," Redfield said, "are many articles that are also shipped in times of peace and have peace uses. This includes horses and mules—now largely used for army purposes, but also shipped in times of peace for peaceful purposes—brass and manufactures of brass, cars, carriages, automobiles, hay, iron and steel, wool, zinc and numerous other products.

"If a horse is shipped to draw a London cab he is a 'peace' article, but if for artillery use or cavalry, he is a war article."

These figures show that "war" exports approximated 2 1/4 per cent of the total exports for the 1915-1916 period, while the same articles approximated but 8 1/16 per cent of total exports for the same months in 1912-1914.

MORE TROUBLE IN HAITI.

Senate Refuses to Abide by Dissolution Decree.

Port-au-Prince, Haiti, April 29.—Dispute between the government and Parliament, as a result of which the legislative body met in a private building Thursday, arose from the issuance of the decree dissolving the Senate. This decree also charged the status of the deputies by making them members of a national council which was charged with the framing of a new constitution in conformity with the treaty with the United States.

Both the Senate and the chamber declined to accept the decree, and after conferences had been held with the American military authorities they met as a national assembly and opened a legislative session. The meeting was held in a private house because the regular legislative chambers had been closed by executive order.

The dispute has been limited thus far to the ministry and Parliament. President Dartigave has taken no active part in it.

LONE PIRATE
WAS NABBED

Alleged Disciple of Schiller Was Soon Put in Irons

BUT HE HAD PUT
CREW IN TERROR

Skipper Thought That Bomb Threat Could Not Be Overlooked

New York, April 29.—Double locked in a stateroom on the Norwegian bark Snesperven, tied to a pier at Stapleton, Staten Island, is Fritz Steiner, one of the members of the crew, who, according to the officers, threatened to blow up the ship in the name of the German kaiser.

Outside the stateroom door are stationed several armed sailors who are hoping against hope that Steiner is a practical joker and not an emulator of Schiller, the lone pirate of the British ship Matopopo, who captured that vessel off Sandy Hook.

The bark Snesperven, which hails from Bergen, is loaded to the gunwales with a cargo of petroleum destined for an English port. She was about to hoist her canvas yesterday morning when Capt. Eskil Blomqvist made the startling discovery that all the members of his maritime family were not good and loyal Scandinavians. According to the captain's own story he made the discovery in the following fashion: Steiner, a German, stepped down the deck to where he and his brother officers were gathered and announced dramatically:

"This ship will never reach England with its cargo of petroleum—not if I have to blow it up myself or set fire to it."

From the tone of Steiner's ultimatum the captain and his fellow officers began to suspect that Steiner was a German. It didn't take them over a minute to arrive at this astute conclusion and then they re-examined Steiner's passports and found that they were Swiss, but then, of course, passports are not an inviolable proof of nationality in these troublous days.

While Steiner was still pleading his support to Germany a group of sailors under direction of Capt. Blomqvist executed a rear movement on him and, having trussed him hand and foot, put him in the cabin. Every now and then one of the flat-footed guard sticks his head cautiously in the door to see that Steiner has not slipped his bonds and extracted a bomb from his trousers pockets.

Another squad of sailors made a thorough examination of the ship to see that Steiner hadn't been careless in leaving his bombs around.

In the meantime Capt. Blomqvist, in full uniform and carrying with him his black leather folio case containing all the necessary papers, paid a flying visit to the office of the Norwegian consul in Manhattan and told the latter about the prisoner on the bark. German bomb suspects are not popular these days in spite of the tremendous amount of publicity they are receiving, and a representative of the consul was quite certain that he didn't want Steiner around, but suggested that the federal authorities might agree to take care of him.

Accordingly the perturbed captain and the representative of the consul hurried to Asst. U. S. Atty. Roger B. Wood, who has been furnishing quarters for a number of German bomb men recently.

After hearing the full story, Mr. Wood decided that the case didn't come fully within his jurisdiction and sent for Capt. Tunney, head of the police bomb squad.

"You see," said Mr. Wood, "if the things you tell me are so, Steiner must have turned pirate before he sailed or before the ship got on the high seas."

The deep furrow between Capt. Blomqvist's blue eyes smoothed out and he heaved a sigh of relief when Capt. Tunney jumped to a telephone and sent out an S. O. S. call for a police boat.

NO RESENTMENT IN PERU.

Decision of McAdoo Party Not to Land at Callao Thoroughly Understood.

Washington, D. C., April 29.—American Minister McMillan, in Peru yesterday, cabled the state department that no resentment resulted there because Secretary McAdoo and the American joint high commission cancelled their engagement to be entertained by the Peruvian government.

Mr. McMillan said that because of the plague cases at Callao the decision of the American party not to land there was thoroughly appreciated and taken with "good nature." He told how Secretary McAdoo visited the Peruvian president at Lima and explained the quarantine restrictions upon the Americans.

Housework Is a Burden

Woman's lot is a weary one at best. But with backache and other distressing kidney ills, life indeed becomes a burden. Doan's Kidney Pills have made life brighter for many Barre women. Read what Mrs. Nelson says:

Mrs. N. M. Nelson, 20 Merchant street, Barre, says: "A severe attack of grip left my kidneys weak. The slightest housework tired me, and if I was on my feet for an hour or so I had sharp pains across my back. I paid out over one hundred dollars for doctors' treatments and medicines, but got no relief and became discouraged. I finally used Doan's Kidney Pills, and they removed the trouble. I have never been without a supply on hand since."

Price, 50c at all dealers'. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Nelson had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

HUGHES FAVORITE
BY BIG MARGIN

Straw Vote Taken by Literary Digest Shows that He is Leading Republican for Presidential Nomination.

New York, April 29.—The Literary Digest in this week's issue prints the following story of its presidential poll: The disappointing failure of the presidential primary to indicate clearly any Republican nominee has led the Literary Digest to try another method of accomplishing this result. As it is impracticable to interrogate all Republican voters on this question, we have taken the next best course by questioning Republican and Progressive members of state legislatures, on the conviction that they know the wishes of the voters in their districts and will represent them fairly well in their replies. The legislative districts are smaller and more numerous than the congressional districts, and their members are now at home, since most of these assemblies have adjourned, while the congressmen remain in Washington. For these reasons a poll of the legislature seems likely to reflect the will of the voters more truly than a poll of congressmen. We have received 1500 replies, or 500 more than the total number of delegates in the Republican national convention.

Many of the writers will probably be members of that body. Their verdict, therefore, is most pertinent and timely. It will not surprise many to know that the leaders of the poll are Justice Hughes, Col. Roosevelt and ex-Secretary Root, but the vote for each is of interest. Justice Hughes appears with 758 ballots, Col. Roosevelt with 275, and Mr. Root with 138. Favorite sons are still superior in their home states and to some degree elsewhere, as may be discerned in the vote of 84 for Mr. Cummins of Iowa, 44 for Mr. Burton of Ohio, 47 for Mr. Sherman of Illinois, 24 for Mr. Weeks of Massachusetts, and 41 for Mr. LaFollette of Wisconsin. Names mentioned less often are those of Governor Brumbaugh of Pennsylvania, Senator Penrose and ex-Secretary Philander Knox of the same state. In addition, "among those present" are Congressman James B. Mann of Illinois, Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan, ex-Governor Hadley of Missouri, Senator Borah of Idaho, ex-Ambassador Herrick of Ohio, Col. Dupont, General Leonard Wood, Senator Lodge, Governor McCall of Massachusetts, Judge Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation, and Governor Johnson of California.

Ex-President Taft, avowedly not a candidate, receives twelve votes, and former Vice President Fairbanks receives outside of Indiana seven votes and in Indiana twelve.

Parenthetically we may recall to our readers that in the Republican forecast of the presidential campaign, as expressed by Republican editors, senators and representatives, which appeared Dec. 18, 1915, the leaders in the roll of more than 700 opinions were Mr. Root, with 249, and Justice Hughes, with 132. Ex-President Taft was credited with 51, and Colonel Roosevelt with 47. Ex-Secretary Burton, who remains Ohio's favorite son, had 122 votes, and Senator Sherman of Illinois had 144. Mr. Fairbanks had 58, and Senator Weeks 53. That a strong desire was felt in the West for a candidate from that section was also recorded, and it was noted that in that region Senator Borah stood first with 108 votes, and Senator Cummins second with 77, while Governor Johnson received 16.

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GREEK REVOLT
MAY BE NEAR

There Is Growing Determination to Oust Present Government

AMAZING SPREAD
OF SENTIMENT

Several Leaders of 1909 Revolution Are Back of the Movement

Athens, April 23, via Rome and Paris, April 29.—An impartial observer who has just returned from a tour of all the mainland of Greece reports an amazing spread of sentiment in favor of Eleftherios Venizelos, the former premier, even in conservative Peloponnesus.

The recent efforts of the government to suppress the demonstrations and meetings of the Venizelos adherents has awakened deep resentment among the people, and there is a growing determination to oust the present government, even if it be necessary to resort to arms. The Associated Press learns from incontestable authority that several leaders of the revolution of 1909 are actively engaged in planning a similar attempt, although Venizelos deprecates this, and advises instead the practice of patience and use of legal methods. On the other hand the recent party against him failed only by a hair's breadth, owing to the extraordinary devotion and watchfulness of his followers.

Frequent talks with King Constantine have convinced the Associated Press correspondent that the monarch honestly is persuaded that a policy of inaction is approved by a majority of the Greek people. The king persists in regarding the recent demonstrations of this growing popularity of Venizelos as mere political manoeuvres.

The weakness of the opponents of the former premier lies in the discontent among the rank and file of the army, who largely attend the meetings of the Venizelos followers, and who are openly dissatisfied, and declare that a purposeful mobilization is depriving their families of their support.

It is stated in well informed quarters that so many soldiers have returned to their homes without permission that the general staff is unable to treat them as deserters, and is obliged to grant them leave which they already have taken. Even the officers of the army with the exception of those in higher command, are discontented, notwithstanding that an increase of pay has been granted to them by royal decree.

Neutral diplomatic observers who are in a position to judge declare that the present situation cannot last 60 days longer and that unless an allied offensive against Bulgaria relieves the tension by sweeping the Greeks into war with their ancient enemies a political cataclysm in Greece is inevitable.

The time for a compromise between

HAVE CHARMING HAIR
FREE FROM DANDRUFF

Men and Women: Is Your Hair Lustrous, Soft and Abundant

One bottle of Parisian Sage will prove to any man or woman that dandruff can be banished forever, that there is no need of falling hair and that scalp itch is unnecessary.

It is a delightful, refreshing, invigorating, harmless and inexpensive liquid that every druggist knows about and speaks well of.

But one thing that has especially made Parisian Sage famous is its peculiar power to turn harsh, unattractive hair into luxuriant hair in a short time, and women who desire fascinating hair should not be without it.

The Red Cross Pharmacy guarantees it to do just as advertised or money back, and they sell lots of it.—Adv.

The Liberals and the adherents of the minister, has passed. A most rigid triple censorship of all press telegrams keeps the world generally ignorant of actual conditions in Greece.

NEW BRITISH
CABINET CRISIS

Unfavorable Reception and the Withdrawal of the Military Service Bill Commented On.

London, April 29.—The morning newspapers virtually all speak of the situation which has arisen in Parliament through the unfavorable reception and the withdrawal of the government military service bill as a new political crisis. The Daily News lobby correspondent says:

"The incident shows it is useless for sections of the ministers to agree on a compromise, if they have not secured the consent of their respective supporters. The cabinet was deluged by the secret sessions, and assumed that because the plan was not then upset, it would afterwards receive the assent of the House. The secret sessions are now condemned even by their authors as absurd, and not to be repeated. The alleged compromise obviously satisfies nobody, and the cabinet had to withdraw the bill or invite immediate defeat, which would have meant its departure from office."

The Daily News notes that the Nationalist party have decided to withdraw the support which they hitherto had given to the coalition cabinet and will hold themselves hereafter free to act independently as their own policy dictates.

BULGARS ILL-TREAT BRITISH.

American Minister Confirms Report Prisoners are Roughly Handled.

London, April 29.—Baron Newton, under secretary for foreign affairs, has addressed a communication to Stephen Walsh, labor member of Parliament, saying that a letter received by the American ambassador in London, from Lewis Einstein, American minister to Bulgaria, confirms the reported ill-treatment of British prisoners in Bulgaria.

"Mr. Einstein," says Baron Newton's letter, "is keenly alive to the urgent necessity of bringing about an immediate improvement, and he has already addressed to Bulgaria a vigorous remonstrance."

RURAL SCHOOLS

Boys' and Girls' Clubs.

BY CHARLES R. REEMAN

Last Friday a meeting was held in Montpelier, which was considered so important that a United States government agent, two Vermont state agents, a Washington county agent and nine union school superintendents were present. One of the chief objects of the meeting was the discussion of boys' and girls' club work, which is one of the largest movements to-day for the best interests of our boys and girls.

All boys or girls in Vermont are urged to join one or more of the club projects, some of the most popular of which are the poultry clubs, corn clubs, garden and canning clubs and pig clubs. All that is necessary to join a club is to send your name to Mr. Ingalls, state club agent, at Burlington, telling him which club you wish to join. He will send you instructions for carrying on your work at home. In many cases there are state prizes which are most desirable. Besides the prizes, there are many other valuable things to be gained by becoming a club member, as will be seen by some of these stories of club members from the state of Maine.

Harrison Blackstone, a 17-year-old schoolboy living in Aroostook county, was state champion of boys' potato clubs for 1915. On his half-acre plot he raised potatoes at the rate of 459 bushels to the acre at a cost of 17 cents a bushel, and made a profit of \$189.24 on his half-acre, which means \$378.48 per acre.

The profit of another enterprising Maine potato club boy for the summer's work was \$509. This 17-year-old high school boy is in a fair way to go to college, to start in business—the farm business or any other—if he continues to pile up capital in his spare time in this way. He planted four acres to potatoes.

Chrystal Waddell, a sunny 12-year-old, made a profit of \$38.23 on one-tenth acre of beets. Does that sound small in comparison with the boys' profits? Consider the acreage; \$38.23 for a tenth-acre reckons up at \$382.30 per acre. Look back and compare this with the boys' profit per acre.

It is an answer to the father who says: "It is not worth while to let a girl fool around with a tenth-acre garden." Chrystal is the present state champion of girls' garden and canning clubs. There are some very interesting things to tell about this little 12-year-old champion. Every club member is graded not only on profit, but on exhibit on "My Season's Work." Chrystal's record of marks and receipts under the column, "Remarks," bore the following legend: "I can raise as many beets as anybody, but I don't think it is quite fair to expect a little 12-year-old girl to write as good an essay as an older girl." It sounds very reasonable, and while her essay was among the best, it did not receive the highest mark.

Do you want to know how Chrystal marketed her beets? Here is the record: 138 quarts of pickled beets at 10 cents, \$13.80; 13 barrels of beets at \$2.50, \$32.50; greens sold at thinning time, \$1.75; tops, sold for cattle feed, \$1; total, \$50.30. And here are her expenses: 40½ hours' labor at 20 cents per hour, \$8.15; one pound of seed, 67 cents; fertilizer, \$2; ploughing and harrowing, \$1.25; total, \$12.07, which leaves a profit of \$38.23.

Poultry clubs had the smallest enrollment in 1915, but Milton McEwen's record proved that there is something in hens. Milton, who is 14 years old, was poultry club champion. He won first

What Does
Catarrh Mean?

It means inflammation of a mucous membrane somewhere in the head, throat, bronchial tubes, stomach, biliary ducts or bowels. It always means stagnant blood—the blood that is full of impurities. Left alone, it extends until it is followed by indigestion, colds, congestion or fever. It weakens the system generally and spreads its operations until systemic catarrh or an acute illness is the result.

Peruna

is the nation's reliable remedy for this condition. It restores appetite, aids digestion, checks and removes inflammation, and thus enables the membranes, through which we breathe and through which our food is absorbed, to do their work properly. Forty-four years of success, with thousands of testimonials, have established it as the home remedy—Ever-Ready-to-Take. Its record of success holds a promise for you.

THE PERUNA COMPANY
COLUMBUS, OHIO

You can obtain Peruna in tablet form for convenience

prize on his pen of Rhode Island Reds at a big agricultural fair and sold the male bird of the pen as a breeder for \$10. The record of the potato clubs shows what benefit the club movement, if encouraged, may be to the state. In the second year of the work, the 69 boys who reported fully raised 7,399 bushels of potatoes, a crop worth \$5,326.75. Their average yield per acre was 250.70 bushels, as against the average state yield of 135 bushels.

Marvin Gentle held the record for the lowest cost per bushel. He raised his crop at the rate of 378 bushels to the acre at a cost of 15½ cents per bushel.

The youngest winner of honors in Maine was Emily Morse, 11 years old. When she was 10 years old she was state champion of girls' garden and canning clubs. Her essay was written in verse and she read it before a large audience at the state contest of boys' and girls' clubs in 1914. In a special canning project, which required an exhibit of a variety of 10 jars of fruit and vegetables, no one could have done better than Emily. She was graded 100 per cent on the 10 jars by the domestic science instructor who judged the girls' exhibits. The object of this canning project was primarily to save otherwise waste products of the farm.

While these stories are about Maine boys and girls, there are just as many interesting accounts of the work of Vermont boys and girls, but I do not happen to have them handy to-night.

Now is the best season of the year to start your club work, and the sooner you send your name to Mr. Ingalls the sooner you will be started on the road to joyful occupations and who knows but what you may be a state champion for 1916?

When mending sheet material, try placing the work in an embroidery hoop and you will find it can be much more easily done.

**"ATTENTION
FELLER CHICKENS!"**

If your commissary department supplies you with Park & Pollard

**BABY BUSTER
CHICK FEED**

you will never be in the hospital. Never any sickness and everybody happy. The fish oil contains makes a great relish.

**BUY IT OF
YOUR FEED DEALER**



**SAFEST
and BEST**

A Good Cook Knows Her Fuel

DO you realize that your oil cook-stove acts very differently with different grades of kerosene?

If you want the clearest, hottest flame, with complete freedom from smoke and odor, you should be careful about what goes into the reservoir of your oil stove.

All Kerosene is not alike by any means. And the good kind is enough better to be decidedly worth asking for.

Say "Socony" (So-Co-Ny) to the grocer's boy when he comes to take your oil can. In that way you can be sure of getting reliable fuel—Socony Kerosene Oil, which is the Standard Oil Company of New York's best kerosene.

Socony Kerosene is absolutely clean and clear-burning whenever and wherever you buy it. It does not make wick crust—you do not need to clean the burners so often and you get a bigger money's worth of heat.

Look for the Socony sign in the windows of groceries, hardware and general stores everywhere which carry Socony Kerosene Oil. It is the sign of quality and a reliable dealer.

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